UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT O	OF NEW YORK	X	
Tyno Thomas	Dl.:4:ee	Docket No.	
-against-	Plaintiff		
Admin Recovery, LLC	Defendant		COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
		_X	<b>Unlawful Debt Collection Practices</b>
			TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED

Plaintiff, by his attorney Joseph Mauro, complaining of the Defendant respectfully alleges and shows to the Court as follows:

### **I. INTRODUCTION**

- 1. The Plaintiff is suing the Defendant debt collector because the Defendant harassed and deceived the Plaintiff in an attempt to collect a debt. The Defendant's actions include communicating with third parties about the alleged debt; failing to identify themselves as a debt collector; failing to abide by Plaintiff's written request to stop calling; failing to provide the notices required by 15 USC 1692g; and leaving messages for the Plaintiff without identifying themselves.
- 2. This is an action for damages brought by an individual consumer for violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. 1692, et seq. (hereinafter "FDCPA") which prohibits debt collectors from engaging in abusive, deceptive and unfair practices; as well as for violations of common law.
  - 3. According to 15 U.S.C. 1692:

- (a) There is abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors. Abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to marital instability, to the loss of jobs, and to <u>invasions of individual privacy</u>. (emphasis added)
- (b) Existing laws and procedures for redressing these injuries are inadequate to protect consumers.
- (c) Means other than misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices are available for the effective collection of debts.
- (d) Abusive debt collection practices are carried on to a substantial extent in interstate commerce and through means and instrumentalities of such commerce. Even where abusive debt collection practices are purely intrastate in character, they nevertheless directly affect interstate commerce.
- (e) It is the purpose of this title to eliminate abusive debt collection practices by debt collectors, to insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged, and to promote consistent State action to protect consumers against debt collection abuses.

#### **II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

4. Jurisdiction of this Court arises under 15 U.S.C Section 1692k (d), 28 U.S.C Section 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that the Defendants transact business here and the conduct complained of occurred here.

#### III. PARTIES

- Plaintiff, Tyno Thomas is a natural person residing in Suffolk County, New York. Plaintiff is a consumer as defined by the FDCPA.
- 6. Defendant is a debt collection company engaged in the business of collecting debts in this state. The principal purpose of Defendant is the collection of debts using the

mails and telephone, and Defendant regularly attempts to collect debts alleged to be due another.

7. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. Section 1692a(6).

#### IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 8. Plaintiff repeats paragraphs "1" through "7" as if fully restated herein.
- 9. The Defendant alleges that the Plaintiff owes a consumer debt (the debt). ("the debt" or "the alleged debt") The alleged debt of Plaintiff is a "debt" as defined by 15 USC 1692a in that it is a debt alleged to be owed for personal, family, or household services.

  The alleged debt was for the purchase of personal services and no part of the alleged debt was incurred for business related items or services.
- 10. At some point unknown to Plaintiff, Defendant alleges to have acquired the legal right to collect the alleged debt. Plaintiff has had no business relationship with Defendant and is not aware of any documents establishing Defendant's alleged right to attempt to collect the alleged debt.
- 11. Within one year of the filing of this action, the Defendant repeatedly communicated with the Plaintiff without identifying themselves as a debt collector.
- 12. The Defendant telephoned the Plaintiff's mother's house and communicated with her about the alleged debt.
- 13. The Plaintiff sent a letter to the Defendant instructing the Defendant to cease calling. After the Defendant received such letter, the Defendant continued to call the Plaintiff.

14. The Defendant left messages for the Plaintiff in which the Defendant failed to meaningfully identify themselves. The messages did not identify the name of their company.

# V. CAUSE OF ACTION UNDER THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

- 15. Plaintiffs repeats and re-alleges and incorporates by reference to the foregoing paragraphs.
- 16. Defendant's actions as described herein violated the following provisions of 15 U.S.C Section 1692e(11); 15 U.S.C. 1692d; 15 U.S.C. 1692d(6); 15 USC 1692c(b); and 15 USC 1692c(a).

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff respectfully requests that judgment be entered against Defendants, for the following:

- A. Actual damages
- B. Statutory damages
- C. Costs and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to the FDCPA;
- D. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

Joseph Mauro (JM: 8295) The Law Office of Joseph Mauro, LLC 306 McCall Ave. West Islip, NY 11795

## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Please take notice that Plaintiff demands trial by jury in this action.

/s/ <u>JOSEPH MAURO</u> Joseph Mauro